UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): November 12, 2024

ORION GROUP HOLDINGS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

1-33891 (Commission File Number)

26-0097459 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

12000 Aerospace Suite 300

Но	ouston, Texas 77034 f principal executive offices)				
	(713) 852-6500 shone number, including area code)				
Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions: Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)					
□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)					
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))					
Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Excha	inge Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c)				
Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered			
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share	ORN	The New York Stock Exchange			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as def of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).	fined in as defined in Rule 405 of the	Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2			
Emerging growth company □					
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.	not to use the extended transition period	od for complying with any new or revised financial accounting			

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On November 12, 2024, Orion Group Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") intends to post the third quarter 2024 investor presentation to its website. The presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated herein by reference. All information included in the presentation is presented as of the dates indicated, and the Company does not assume any obligation to correct or update such information in the future. In addition, the Company disclaims any inferences regarding the materiality of such information that may arise as a result of it furnishing such information under Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K.

As provided in General Instruction B.2 to Form 8-K, the information furnished in Item 7.01, Exhibit 99.1 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, and such information shall not be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1 104	Orion Group Holdings, Inc. Investor Presentation for Third Quarter 2024. Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
<u>99.1</u>	Orion Group Holdings, Inc. Investor Presentation for Third Quarter 2024.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 12, 2024

Orion Group Holdings, Inc.
By: /s/ Travis J. Boone
President and Chief Executive Officer



Orion Group Holdings, Inc.

Delivering Predictable Excellence

November 2024

/// DISCLAIMER

This presentation contains, and the officers and directors of the Company may from time to time make, statements that of the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements are subject to our control, which may include statements about: our business strategy; our financial strategy; our industry outlook expectations, forecasts, outlook and intentions. All of these types of statements, other than statements of historical fac In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "should "estimate," "predict," "potential," "pursue," "target," "continue," the negative of such terms or other comparable t presentation are largely based on our expectations, which reflect estimates and assumptions made by our management based on currently known market conditions and other factors. Although we believe such estimates and assumptions number of risks and uncertainties that are beyond our control. In addition, management's assumptions about future readers that the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are not guarantees of future performance, realized or the forward-looking events and circumstances will occur. Actual results may differ materially from those a factors listed in the "Risk Factors" section in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and elsewhe deem immaterial, that are not presently known to us or that arise in the future could also cause our actual resul uncertainties, investors are cautioned that many of the assumptions upon which our forward-looking statements are statements are made. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made, and we undertake no obligation any reason, whether as a result of new information, future events or developments, changed circumstances, or otherwibusiness plans, actual experience or other changes. These cautionary statements qualify all forward-looking statements a

This presentation may contain the financial measures: adjusted net income, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, and adjusted | presented, a reconciliation of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure

/// AT A GLANCE

Orion is a leading marin company in the U.S., Car

Marine

SERVICES

Concrete

Transportation facility & infrastructure construction; dredging

Commercial, structural, and industrial

Q3 2024 vs Q3 2023

Revenue Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Ho

PHASE 1 OF STRATEGIC PLA



Implemented minimum bid margins – Pursuing work with strong value proposition –Bolstered management oversight with experienced leaders

Recruited high-caliber talent – Investing ir resources to deepen client relationships – Doubled backlog – Building on significant contract wins

// PHASE 2 OF STRATEGIC PLAI

Driving our growth potentic



Foundation in place, turning full attention to growth



Demand for specialized Marine construction exceeds supply



Strategic M&A/Geographic expansion



Build out IT capabilities for greater efficiency

Integrating all business units on a single platform

STRONG INDUSTRY TAILWINE

01

\$1.2 trillion Infrastructure Act

Multi-year catalyst for public sector projects such as transportation funding, ports, waterways, water infrastructure and bridges.

05.

Downstream energy

Private investment in LNG and methanol terminals.

02.

Port expansion and maintenance

Larger ships via expanded Panama Canal require deeper shipping channels and expanded infrastructure.

06.

Economic growth and expansion

Leading job and population growth rates in Gulf region.

03

U.S. Navy expans

U.S. Navy investments in as support the U.S. Navy fleet.

07.

Data center dema

Al driving need for more do North Texas and other wec regions.

\$30B TAM.

Diverse end markets.

Multiple sources funding.

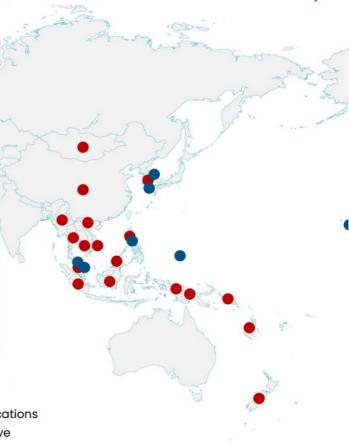
Aging U.S. Navy Infrastructu

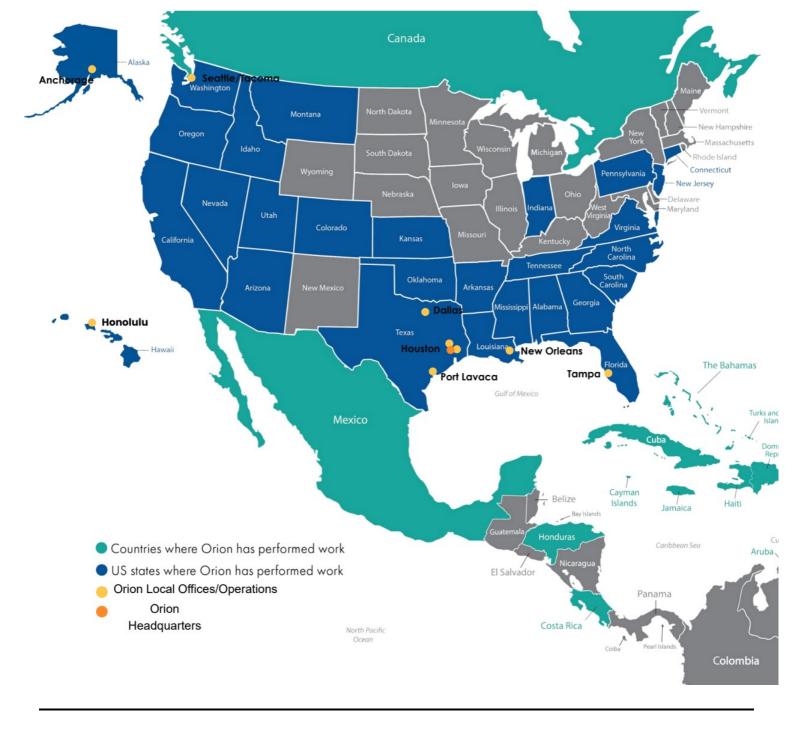
Expanding PRC Presence in the Western Hemisph

We anticipate US Navy funding for port renovations to accelerate

- Aging US Navy port infrastructure average dry dock is now 107 years old¹
- USN has 9 dry docks in HI & WA; replacement of dry dock 3 in Pearl Harbor underway at estimated cost of \$3.6B
- - Represents U.S. Navy Infrastructure Locations
 - Represents China's Belt & Road Initiative

¹FY 2023 Department of the Navy Budget ²World Economic Forum, November 2023





/// Representative Customers













/// MARINE SEGMENT OVERVIEW

Orion Marine benefits from high-margin projects with high barriers to entry and consistent maintenance demand

- Construction services include construction, restoration, maintenance & repair of ports and docks, marine pipelines, marine transportation facilities, bridges and environmental structures.
- Dredging services generally enhance or preserve the navigability of waterways through the removal of soil, sand and rock. Added benefits of protecting shorelines with replenishment of eroded material.
- Specialty services include design, salvage, demolition, surveying, towing, diving and underwater inspection, excavation and repair
- The Jones Act prevents foreign competition from dredging in the U.S. market

CONSTRUCTION



DREDGING



SPECIALTY



/// CONCRETE SEGMENT OVERVIEW

Improved project margin focus has laid the groundwork for future success

- Turnkey concrete construction services for building construction including place and finish, site work, layout, forming, rebar.
- Light Commercial: Services include horizontally poured concrete for large tilt walls, slabs, foundations, and paving.
- Structural: Services include elevated concrete pouring for columns, decking, elevated beams and structural walls up to 45 stories.
- Implemented minimum bid margins and upgrading project management systems to drive improved profitability.

LIGHT COMMERCIAL



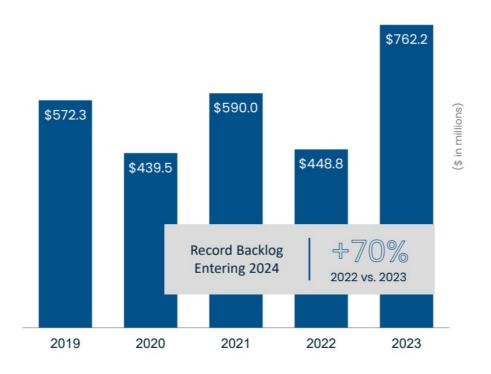
STRUCTURAL





/// BACKLOG





\$43k contract (larg company hist dry dock in Pe

Quadrupled p opportunity fr

\$3B to

in just over a y

/// EXPERIENCED MANAGEMENT TI



Travis Boone, PE
Chief Executive Officer

Leadership and management experience in civil, utility/pipeline, commercial building and construction industries. Former regional Chief Executive of AECOM



Scott ThanischChief Financial Officer

Multi-disciplinary finance experience, including corpo development, FP&A, treasustrategy and accounting a numerous industries



Ardell AllredExecutive Vice President
Orion Concrete Group

Held construction and management roles at companies including Kiewit and Zachry Construction



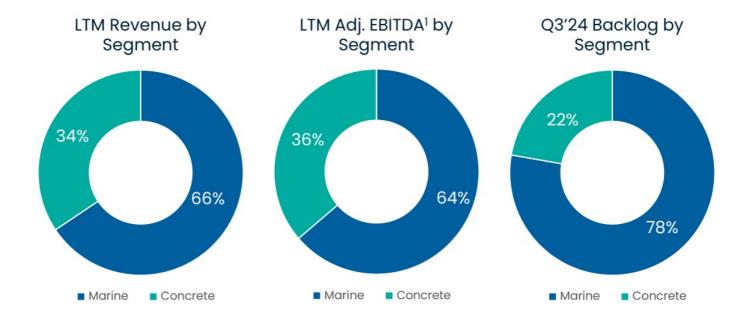
Scott Cromack
Executive Vice President
Orion Marine Group

Recently served as a Seniol President at Texas Sterling Construction. Also held role Kiewit and Zachry Construc

FINANCIAL OVERVIEW



// FINANCIAL OVERVIEW



I) This measure is a Non-GAAP financial measure. For a reconciliation of this item to the most directly comparable GAAP measure, refer to "Non-GAAP Supplemental Information"

/// THIRD QUARTER 2024

	Q3 2024	Q3
Revenue	\$226.7M	\$16
GAAP EPS	\$0.12	\$(
Adjusted EBITDA	\$15.2M	\$!
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	6.7%	5

/// BALANCE SHEET AND LIQUII

September 30, 2024

Cash & Cash Equivalents

\$28.3м

Net Debt Outstanding

\$28.0м

On September 12, 2024, raised \$26.5 million in net proceeds from a 5.6 mill full shoe, at \$5.15 per share.

/// 2024 GUIDANCE

	FY 202
Revenue	\$850M - \$
GAAP EPS	\$(0.10) - \$
Adjusted EPS	\$0.11 - \$0
Adjusted EBITDA	\$40M - \$

/// INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

01.

Mission Critical Specialty Construction Provider with Sustainable Competitive Advantages

04.

Diversified Revenue with Blue-Chip and Government Clients 02.

Experienced Management Team Focused on Growth and Financial Performance

05.

Strong Execution of Strategic Plan to Deliver Enhanced Growth and Returns

APPENDIX



Net Income to Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

				Year Ended December 31,		
		2020		2021	2022	
Net income (loss)	\$	20,220	\$	(14,560) \$	(12	
Income tax expense		1,976		502		
Interest expense, net		4,737		4,940	4	
Depreciation and amortization		27,217		25,430	24	
EBITDA (1)		54,150		16,312	16,	
Share-based compensation		1,998		2,401	2,	
Net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard						
property sale		_		_		
ERP implementation		1,488		4,925	1,	
Severance		175		96		
Intangible asset impairment loss		_		_		
Professional fees related to management						
transition		_		_	1,	
Process improvement initiatives		i — i		_		
ISG initiative		369		_		
Insurance disposal on recovery, net		(2,859)		_		
Recovery on disputed receivable		(898)		_		
Net gain on Tampa property sale		_		(6,435)		
Adjusted EBITDA(2)	\$	54,423	\$	17,299 \$	22,	

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents EBITDA adjusted for share-based compensation, net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard implementation, severance, intangible asset impairment loss, professional fees related to management transition, ISG initiative, insurance disported receivable and net gain on Tampa property sale. Adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP measure calculated by dividing A contract revenues.

Net Income to Adjusted Operating EBITDA Reconciliation	Three m Septe 2024
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,262
Income tax expense (benefit)	82
Interest expense, net	3,544
Depreciation and amortization	5,568
EBITDA (1)	13,456
Share-based compensation	1,016
Net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard property sale	_
ERP implementation	342
Severance	4
Process improvement initiatives	393
Adjusted EBITDA(2)	\$ 15,211
Operating income margin	3.4
Impact of other income	_
Impact of depreciation and amortization	2.5
Impact of share-based compensation	0.4
Impact of net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard property sale	_
Impact of ERP implementation	0.2
Impact of severance	_
Impact of process improvement initiatives	0.2
Adjusted EBITDA margin(2)	6.7

⁽¹⁾ EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents EBITDA adjusted for share-based compensation, net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard implementation, severance and process improvement initiatives. Adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP measure calculated by dividing Adjuste revenues.

Net Income to Adjusted Operating EBITDA Reconciliation by Segr

	20				Year Ended	December 31,	
	20	019	20)20	20	021	927
	Marine	Concrete	Marine	Concrete	Marine	Concrete	Marine
Operating income (loss)	\$ 12,841	\$ (10,648)	\$ 29,815	\$ (3,229)	\$ 5,760	\$ (15,077)	\$ 9,78
Other income	192	578	346	2	199	_	19
Depreciation and amortization	19,889	8,519	18,369	8,847	17,287	8,143	16,59
EBITDA	32,922	(1,551)	48,530	5,620	23,246	(6,934)	26,57
Share-based compensation	2,470	283	1,841	157	2,306	95	2,67
Net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard property sale	_	_			_		
ERP implementation			795	693	2,161	2,764	84
Severance	609	36	81	94	80	16	94
Intangible asset impairment loss	009	30	01	54	80	10	3-
Professional fees related to	_	_	- 	_	-	_	
management transition	_	_	_	_	_	_	49
Process improvement initiatives	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ISG initiative	2,491	2,290	190	179	_	_	
Insurance disposal on recovery, net	_	_	(2,859)	_	_	_	
Recovery on disputed receivable	_	_	(898)	_	_	_	
Net gain on Tampa property sale	_	_	_	_	(6,435)	_	
Adjusted EBITDA(1)	\$ 38,492	\$ 1,058	\$ 47,680	\$ 6,743	\$ 21,358	\$ (4,059)	\$ 31,53
Adjusted EBITDA margin (1)	10.4%	0.3%	12.3%	2.1%	8.1%	(1.2)%	9.3

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents EBITDA adjusted for share-based compensation, net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard implementation, severance, intangible asset impairment loss, professional fees related to management transition, process improvement initiative insurance disposal on recovery, net, recovery on disputed receivable and net gain on Tampa property sale. Adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAC calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by contract revenues.



Guidance Range - Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

Net (loss) income

Income tax expense

Interest expense, net

Depreciation and amortization

EBITDA (1)

Share-based compensation

ERP implementation

Process improvement initiatives

Severance

Adjusted EBITDA(2)

(1) EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization.

⁽²⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure that represents EBITDA adjusted for stock-based compensation, net gain on Port Lavaca South Yard implementation, and severance. Adjusted EBITDA margin is a non-GAAP measure calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by contract revenues.

Guidance Range – Reconciliation of Adjusted Net Income (Loss)

Net (loss) income

Adjusting items and the tax effects:

Share-based compensation

ERP implementation

Process improvement initiatives

Severance

Tax rate applied to adjusting items (1)

Total adjusting items and the tax effects

Federal and state tax valuation allowances

Adjusted net income

Adjusted EPS

⁽¹⁾ Items are taxed discretely using the Company's effective tax rate which differs from the Company's statutory federal rate primarily due to sta the non-deductibility of other permanent items



THANK YOU!