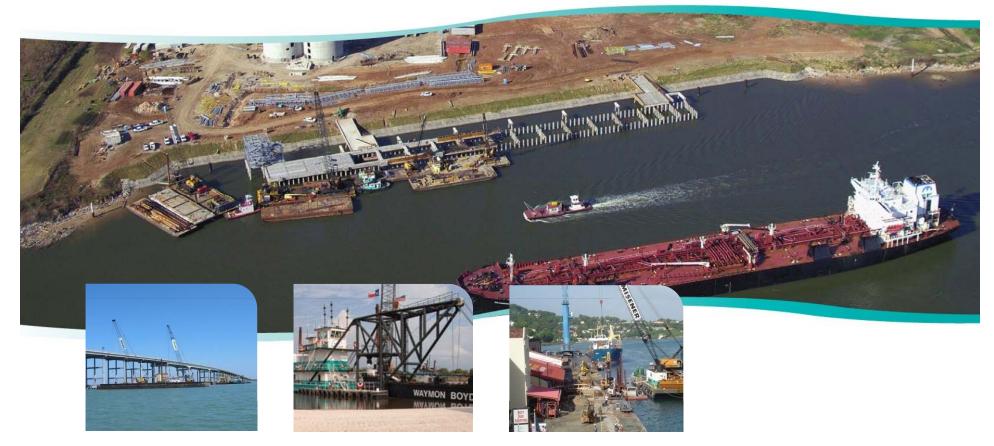


A Leading Heavy Civil Marine Contractor



FBR CAPITAL MARKETS FALL INVESTOR CONFERENCE

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

The matters discussed in this presentation may make projections and other forward-looking statements regarding, among other things, estimates for the remainder of fiscal year revenues, gross profit, gross margin, EBITDA, backlog, projects in negotiation and pending awards, as well as our estimates and assumptions regarding future revenue growth, EBITDA, gross margins, administrative expenses and capital expenditures. These statements are predictions that are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. Moreover, past performance is not necessarily an indicator of future results. By providing this information, Orion Marine Group undertakes no obligation to update or revise any projections or forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new developments or otherwise.

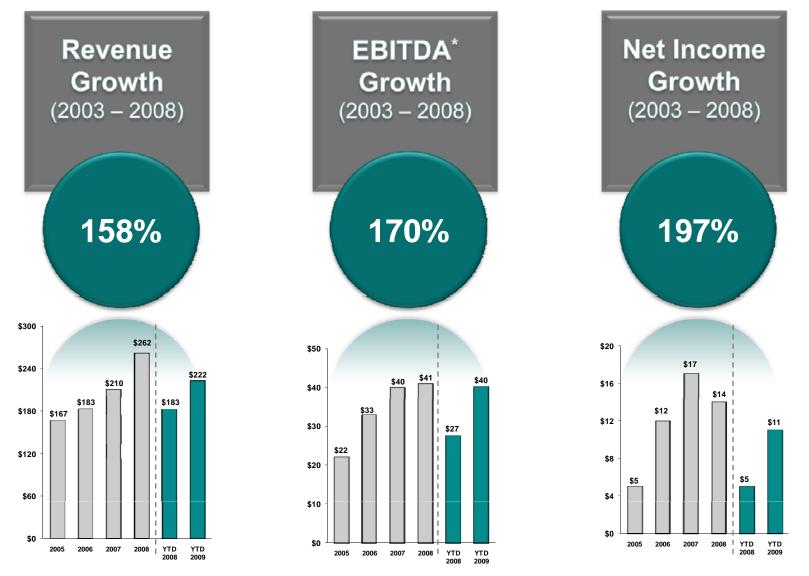
Please refer to the Company's Form 10-Q filed on August 6, 2009, and its Form 10-K filed March 16, 2009, which are available on Orion Marine Group's website at www.orionmarinegroup.com, for additional discussion of risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our current expectations.

A DIFFERENT KIND OF COMPANY

- Recognized single source turn-key heavy civil marine construction solutions and specialty services provider
- Solid growth with diversified end markets
- Strong financial position to support organic growth

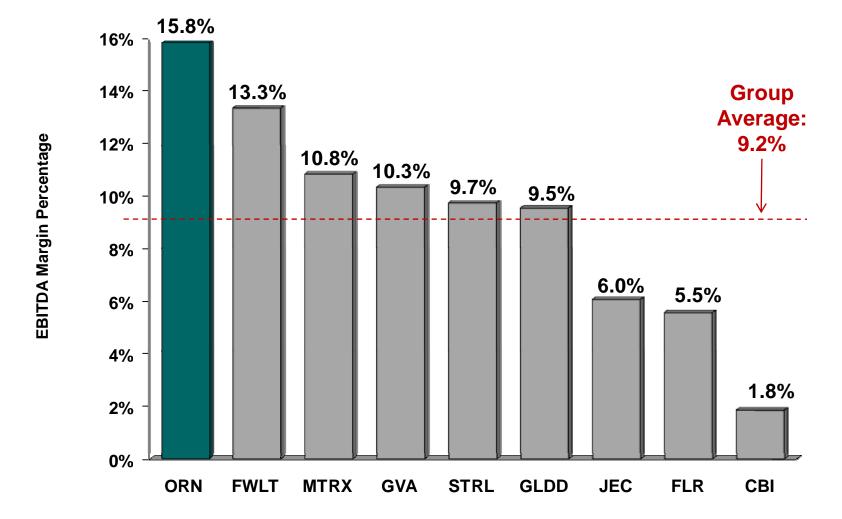


AN IMPRESSIVE PERFORMANCE RECORD



* Growth in full year EBITDA 2003 compared to 2008; Please see reconciliation at the end of this presentation

LEADING INDUSTRY EBITDA MARGIN



Full Year 2008 EBITDA Margin^{*}



A Leading Heavy Civil Marine Contractor



A STRONG FOUNDATION

THE ROAD AHEAD

COMPLETE SUITE OF MARINE SOLUTIONS











Marine Transportation Facility Construction

Construction • Repair • Maintenance • Demolition • Salvage • Bridges • Causeways • Port Facilities • Terminals • Cruise Ship Facilities • Marinas • Docks

Marine Pipeline Construction

Construction • Repair • Maintenance • Specialty Excavation • Installation • Abandonment & Removal • Intake/Outfalls • River Crossings • Hot-Taps • Directional Drilling

Marine Environmental Structures

Construction • Erosion Control • Wetlands Creation • Environmental Remediation • Concrete Mattress Installation • Levee Maintenance and Installation • Geotube Installation

Specialty Services

Diving • Salvage • Demolition • Inspection • Surveying • Towing • Restoration • Encapsulation

Dredging Services

Mechanical • Hydraulic • Shoreline Protection • Ship Channel Deepening • Erosion Containment • Land Reclamation • Beach Nourishment • Hurricane Restoration

DIVERSE END MARKETS



Port Expansion & Maintenance

Bridges & Causeways



Marine Infrastructure



Cruise Industry

Department of Defense



Oil & Gas Industry

Coastal Protection & Reclamation



Hurricane Restoration & Repair

Environmental Remediation



LARGE SPECIALIZED FLEET

Almost 400 Vessels and Pieces of Specialized Equipment

- 62 spud and material barges
- 10 cutter suction dredges
- 60 tug and push boats
 - 74 crawler and hydraulic cranes

- 4 portable dredges

- 130 pieces of other equipment
- numerous pieces of other equipment
 - ~100% owned near-shore marine fleet
 - Limited availability to new entrants
 - High replacement costs
 - Highly mobile
 - In-house maintenance low down time
 - Strategic waterfront facilities
 - Availability 24 hours / 7 days
 - Benefits reduced downtime and dependence on third parties





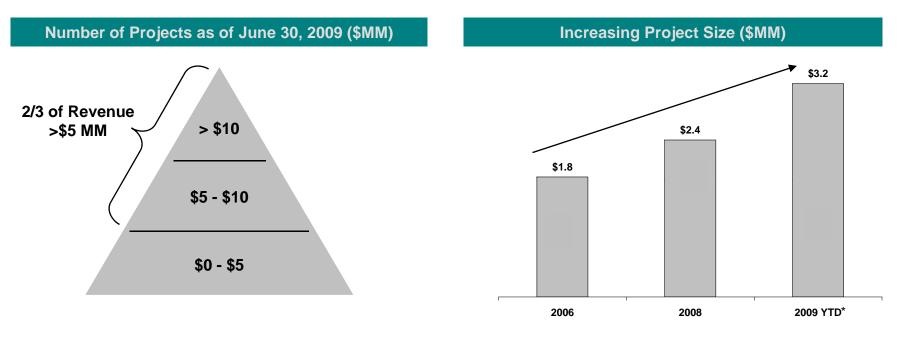




DIVERSE GEOGRAPHIC FOOTPRINT



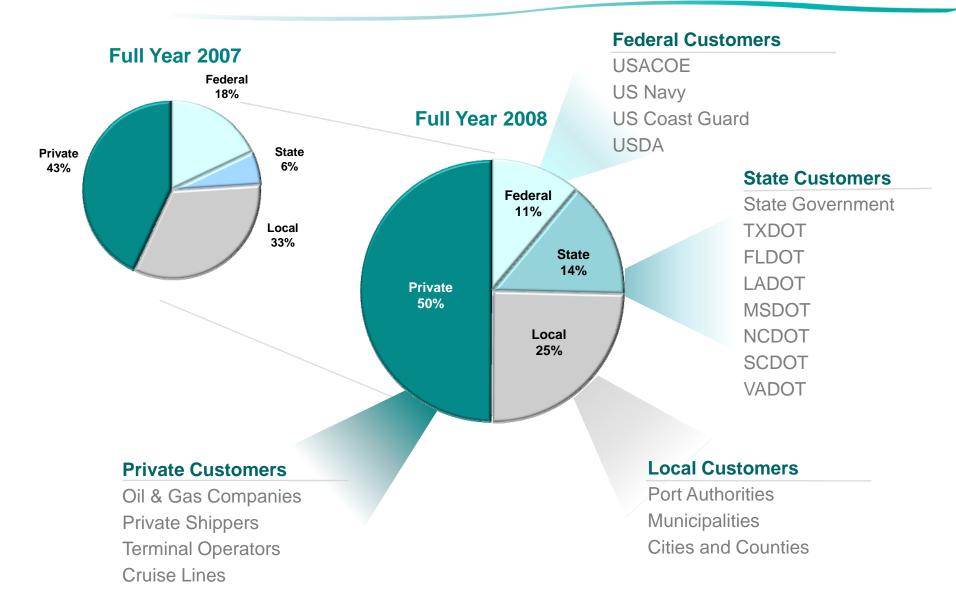
PROJECT PORTFOLIO



Contract Structure

- 85% 95% of work is self-performed
- Typical size \$2 \$4 MM, bid projects in excess of \$50 MM
- Average duration 3 9 months, maximum duration 24 36 months
- Predominately fixed price

DIVERSE CUSTOMER MIX



FINANCIAL STRENGTH

Orion Marine Group has a solid financial background to help drive future growth in markets and projects

- Conservative balance sheet
- Solid cash position
- Low leveraged position
- Access to capital markets
- \$400+ million in bonding capacity
- Strategic long-term focus on growth



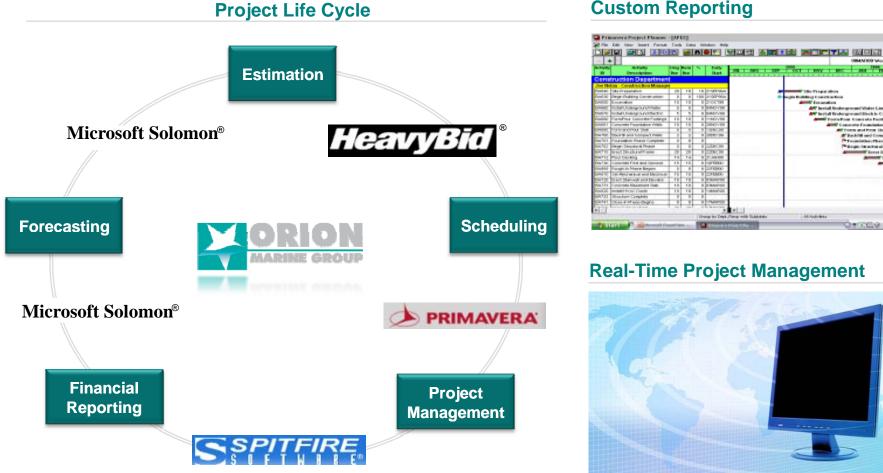






THE SYSTEMS TO MAKE IT HAPPEN

State of the art scalable systems in place for unified bidding, project execution, and project accounting



Custom Reporting

1231 B

10000



A Leading Heavy Civil Marine Contractor



A STRONG FOUNDATION

THE ROAD AHEAD

EXECUTING GROWTH STRATEGY



GOOD GROWTH DRIVERS

Port Expansion

 Over \$10B in planned port expansion due to Panama Canal Expansion

Bridge Construction

• \$4.5B in planned bridge expenditures in 2009 under SAFTEA-LU

Dredging

 Army Corps of Engineers focused on expanding the usability of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterways

Hurricane Restoration and Protection

- \$5.4B planned for coastal restoration and flood protection in Louisiana
- \$740M in emergency dredging and construction due to hurricanes

Cruise Ship Expansion

Multiple new cruise ships coming online over the next two years

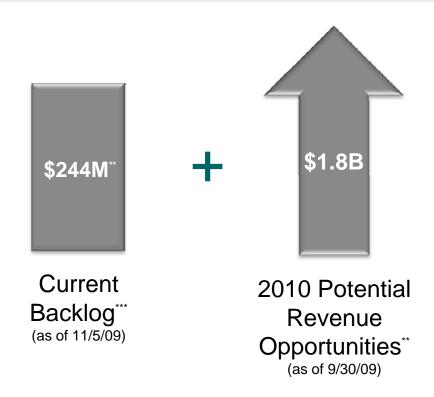






GOAL: CONTINUED GROWTH IN 2010

\$350 - \$360 Million* 2010 Year-Over-Year Revenue Goal



*Stated goal as of November 5, 2009.

** Expected 2009 liquidation of backlog as of September 30, 2009.

***Includes \$20 MM of recently announced large project awards

Though these firm contracts typically result in future revenues, the Company cannot guarantee that the revenue projected in its backlog will be realized or, if realized, will result in earnings.

WHY ORN?

Industry Leader

#3 Heavy Civil Marine Contractor^{*}



Strong Performance

Strong EBITDA and Revenue growth



Anticipated Growth

Multiple end-market drivers for continued growth







A Leading Heavy Civil Marine Contractor



GAAP TO NON-GAAP

GAAP TO NON-GAAP

EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

This presentation includes the financial measures "EBITDA" and "EBITDA margin". These measurements may be deemed "non-GAAP financial measures" under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Regulation G. The non-GAAP financial information may be determined or calculated differently by other companies. By reporting such non-GAAP financial information, the Company does not intend to give such information greater prominence than comparable and other GAAP financial information, which information is of equal or greater importance.

Orion Marine Group defines EBITDA as net income before net interest expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA margin is calculated by dividing EBITDA for the period by contract revenues for the period. The GAAP financial measure that is most directly comparable to EBITDA margin is operating margin, which represents operating income divided by contract revenues. EBITDA and EBITDA margin are used internally to evaluate current operating expense, operating efficiency, and operating profitability on a variable cost basis, by excluding the depreciation and amortization expenses, primarily related to capital expenditures and acquisitions, and net interest and tax expenses. Additionally, EBITDA and EBITDA margin provide useful information regarding the Company's ability to meet future debt repayment requirements and working capital requirements while providing an overall evaluation of the Company's financial condition. In addition, EBITDA is used internally for incentive compensation purposes. The Company includes EBITDA and EBITDA margin to provide transparency to investors as they are commonly used by investors and others in assessing performance. EBITDA and EBITDA margin have certain limitations as analytical tools and should not be used as a substitute for operating margin, net income, cash flows, or other data prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or as a measure of the Company's profitability or liquidity.

A reconciliation of the Company's future EBITDA margin to the corresponding GAAP measure is not available as these are estimated goals for the performance of the overall operations over the planning period. These estimated goals are based on assumptions that may be affected by actual outcomes, including but not limited to the factors noted in the "forward looking statements" herein, in other releases, and in filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

GAAP TO NON-GAAP

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, and deferred financing costs, ("EBITDA"). **Full Year 2003**, **2004**, **2005**, **2006**, **2007**, **2008 EBITDA**

Predecessor Successor October 14 January 1 Year Ended to to Year Ended December 31. October 13. December 31. December 31, 2003 2004 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 (in Thousands) \$ Net income 4.879 \$ 6.702 \$ 419 \$ 5.311 \$ 12.403 \$ 17.399 \$ 14.475 Income tax expense 3,508 4.378 266 3,805 7,040 10,178 7,282 Interest (income) expense, net 282 24 446 2,179 1,755 (90)716 24 41 171 171 208 Deferred financing costs Depreciation and amortization 6,649 5,416 1,919 10,865 11,634 12,384 18,848 15,318 16,544 3,091 22,331 33,003 EBITDA \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 40,079 \$ 41,321

Measurements may be deemed "non-GAAP financial measures" under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Regulation G. The non-GAAP financial information may be determined or calculated differently by other companies. EBITDA and EBITDA margin are used internally to evaluate current operating expense, operating efficiency, and operating profitability on a variable cost basis, by excluding the depreciation and amortization expenses, primarily related to capital expenditures and acquisitions, and net interest and tax expenses. Additionally, EBITDA and EBITDA margin provide useful information regarding the Company's ability to meet future debt repayment requirements and working capital requirements while providing an overall evaluation of the Company's financial condition. In addition, EBITDA is used internally for incentive compensation purposes. The Company includes EBITDA and EBITDA margin to provide transparency to investors as they are commonly used by investors and others in assessing performance. EBITDA and EBITDA margin have certain limitations as analytical tools and should not be used as a substitute for operating margin, net income, cash flows, or other data prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or as a measure of the Company's profitability or liquidity.

GAAP TO NON-GAAP

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization, and deferred financing costs, ("EBITDA").

EBITDA Margin = Period EBITDA / Period Revenue

Full Year 2008 EBITDA

	Full Year 2008 (January 1, 2008 - December, 2008)																	
(In Thousands)	ORN		FWLT		MTRX		GVA		STRL		GLDD		JEC		FLR		СВІ	
Net Income	\$	14,475	\$	526,620	\$	34,500	\$	122,404	\$	18,066	\$	5,000	\$	339,410	\$	720,458	\$	(21,146)
Income Tax Expense		7,282		97,028		33,279		67,692		10,025		3,800		190,937		393,944		37,470
Interest (Income) expense, net		716		17,621		574		(2,444)		(871)		17,000		(8,398)		(54,665)		12,683
Depreciation and amortization		18,848		44,798		11,802		87,311		13,168		30,100		34,285		163,305		78,244
EBITDA	\$	41,321	\$	686,067	\$	80,155	\$	274,963	\$	40,388	\$	55,900	\$	556,234	\$	1,223,042	\$	107,251
Total Revenues	\$	261,802	\$!	5,147,227	\$	738,827	\$2	2,674,244	\$	415,074	\$	586,900	\$	9,348,201	\$	22,325,894	\$!	5,944,981
EBITDA Margin		15.8%		13.3%		10.8%		10.3%		9.7%		9.5%		6.0%		5.5%		1.8%

These measurements may be deemed "non-GAAP financial measures" under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, including Regulation G. The non-GAAP financial information may be determined or calculated differently by other companies. EBITDA and EBITDA margin are used internally to evaluate current operating expense, operating efficiency, and operating profitability on a variable cost basis, by excluding the depreciation and amortization expenses, primarily related to capital expenditures and acquisitions, and net interest and tax expenses. Additionally, EBITDA and EBITDA margin provide useful information regarding the Company's ability to meet future debt repayment requirements and working capital requirements while providing an overall evaluation of the Company's financial condition. In addition, EBITDA is used internally for incentive compensation purposes. The Company includes EBITDA and EBITDA margin have certain limitations as analytical tools and should not be used as a substitute for operating margin, net income, cash flows, or other data prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or as a measure of the Company's profitability or liquidity.